REAL IR PAGE 1 OF 5 JULY - AUGUST 2004

he Emissions Trading cheme: are you ready to port CO₂ output? p27

When in Rome: cultural eccentricities on the roadshow circuit p12



LEHMANN COMMUNICATIONS

REAL

July - August 2004 www.realir.net

They restlarp, experienced and free to speak their hillies in the pendent research multiples may be looking at our But are the institutions istening to them? p14



SOLO ROADSHOW

lan Townsend is a oneman IR machine. But his small-cap firm The Medical House has a lot of big



PLAY IT SAFE

High performance is not enough to make it onto the Dow Jones Sustainability Index. Rito Ringger wants NEWS & ANALYSIS: Sainsbury's, Adecco, the looming IFRS deadline and other top stories

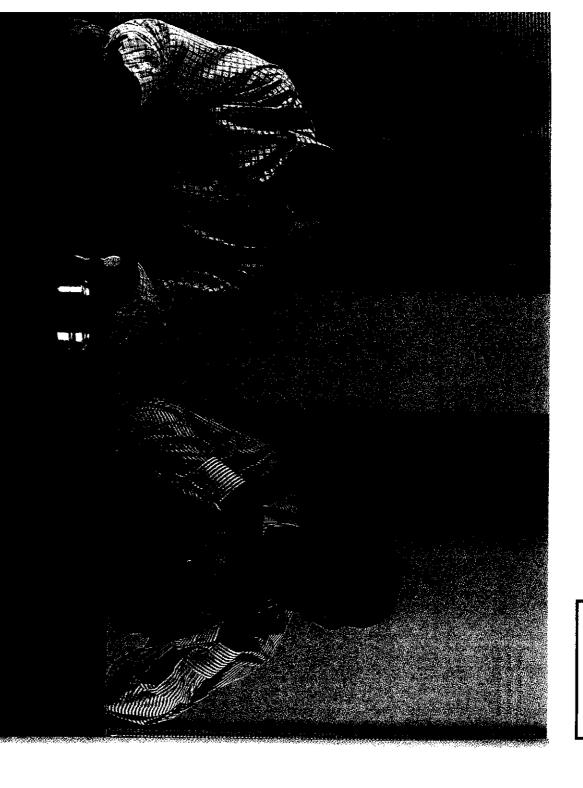
COMMENT: Philip Coggan, Chris Blackhurst and globetrotting IR expert Alex Mackey

BETTER RELATIONS: shareholder ID, online

REAL IR PAGE 2 OF 5 JULY - AUGUST 2004

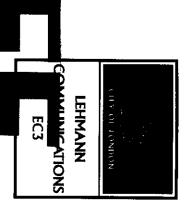


LEHMANN COMMUNICATIONS EC3



Independent research boutiques are flourishing while brokers' reputations flounder. What's so special about their analysis? Do institutions take any notice of it? And should IROs make an effort to get on boutiques' radar?

REAL IR
PAGE 3 OF 5
JULY - AUGUST 2004



liot Spitzer's assault on Wall Street greed ended in April last year with a .4bn payout by leading banks and embarrassment for a group of once highly spected financial figures.

The New York attorney general exposed corruption among some of the orld's biggest investment banks on a grand scale. He uncovered evidence that house analysts, keen to please lucrative corporate clients, had sometimes projected biased investment research. Internal e-mails and other documents owed that they were often inspired more by their desire to earn banking fees an their duty to investors.

The repercussions of Spitzer's US investigation were quick to reach trope. The loss of confidence in broker research has acted as a catalyst for e formation of independent research boutiques, which claim to offer truly jective research to institutional investors.

inflicts of interest

ke their American peers, European analysts have come under fire in the "Two years over the quality of their research. In the UK, brokers are under assure to "unbundle" (split) commission fees for trading and research, which traditionally grouped together, in an attempt to break the link between earch and investment banking. This, it's hoped, will placate the critics to accuse integrated houses of serious conflicts of interest.

The UK's Financial Services Authority (FSA) has been leading the call for orm. The regulator has stopped short of implementing proposals to ban the ictice of bundling charges for execution with fees for research. Instead, it is decided to leave the market to find its own solution – although this will reviewed in December.

While the FSA wants to encourage greater transparency of research pricing,

Key points

- * The tarnished reputation of brokers' research has boosted the popularity of independent research boutiques.
- * Boutiques' backers say they have more experience, more freedom to specialise and more independence than brokers.
- * Some IROs are sceptical about bounques influence with investors. But many believe that their credibility and thus importance will continue to grow.
- * Institutions are increasingly willing to pay for third-party investment research.
- * Visit www.investorside.org for a list of independent research boutiques.

money on their behalf." obtaining acting in their best interests customers to tell if the manager transparency makes it difficult for softed items," it says. "The lack of for expenditure on bundled and directly accountable to their clients conflicts of interest in their relationship with brokers, and are not these [bundled] arrangements face concerns: "Fund managers who use issue clearly outlines continuing further. Yet an FSA report on the the temptation to intervene for the moment, it has resisted sufficient value 5

All this is good news for independent research boutiques. Jamie Stewart, head of institutional mar-

a UK financial services group, reckons that changes to the operating environment will fuel their commercial prospects.

Ever since the shake-up of the City that followed the technology bubble, boutiques have been making their presence felt. Some were spun out of Ivy League investment banks when the market was still at its height; others have been formed by casualties who were made redundant when the bubble burst. But they've never quite managed to penetrate the market.

REAL IR PAGE 4 OF 5 JULY - AUGUST 2004



Control of the Contro

tain Johnston and Senon-Raborts quit well-paid jobs in the Chyro set up independent research man New Street Research (NSR) in Eable asyllest year.

Johnston, former hearbor telecommunications assessed at JP Morgan, and Roberts, extract of alk equity explical markets at URS Weathing had become distillusioned with the traditional world of orcesting the banking. They left teleciseus a gap at the market for unbissed, alsos direct research and that fund mangets would be prepared to jets for its

Roberts and John cain and recocaught up in a world where analysts routinely arrive at work at 6-15am to begin a highly structured day. Or top of producing research motor, analysts at investment banks are also expected to general banks are also expected to general banks are also expected to general banks and in house corporate factors departments. This, so the argument goes can compromise the quality of the research and has led to departments that some research as biased in favour of existing and potential corporate clients. Given their world corporate clients, Given their world corporate eleft short of time to actually write research and talk to creats.

there and to one so hering the input there are According to the input in into the NSB is finite adecasident. We do not many white securities, we not preprietary traders; we not offer corporate frame indicate and with interface assets.

The firm also refuses to puterish "innattenance research (oversell around company) results. So, says Roberts, its arrabasts have 40 per continuent me to write incerningful research we me we parallish research when we have something to say if you can can do not day to a quality research in hits home and adds value, and concentrate on quality research in hits home and adds value, and you are doing the bay side is big towour Also, from the write. Spoint of view, it's much more sunsying."

Roberts says New Street's transaction to concess and to the point its notes for randy many than tempages long. The firm has eight analysis specialising in the paratimopean telecom services sector. Companies covered include france to ceum and Vodolone, as well as Coll Telecom, thus and Eircom, the arm also publishes ropical theme based industry research.

Despite the abundance or live."

Roberts and Johnston were

research pumped out by navestment banks such as Merall Fried, Goldnern Sachs and JP Morgan, Rubberts is additional that New Sheet's research is worth paying for "we maintain individual amounted models on all the compoures we follow he saws. And six amountlys, a company's entire capital structure—both debt and agong Our research is ideas driven and facused on the fored mentals."

Roberts adds that New Stracks own business readel depends on the deality and value of its research, It precess to get paid on a continussion sharing basis, pronected by Gartanore, where fund managers cen execute trades through one broker and pay separately for third-party independent research.

tor this diparty independent research.
Roberts hopes commission sharing arrangements will become more transparent reornmission-sharing has been rainted with the soft-dollar brush. If it were to become an acceptable and tally transparent method of paying for research, that would be a good thing for litrins such as ours, as it formatises a payment mechanism and allows the institutional flent to split out the cost of execution and research."

ating officer at Arete Research, believes that his firm boasts the telecoms industry's crack team. "Most of our analysts have industry experience and they each worked for up to seven years as analysts prior to joining

Arete," she says. "They have far more experience in the sector than their peer group—so they have a better understanding of the industry and better contacts."

Arete was set up in 2000 by Richard Kramet, a former Goldman Sachs analyst. For four years running, he was the UK's number one ranked telecoms analyst. He decided to quit Goldman Sachs after becoming disillusioned with the world of investment banking.

He recalls the malpractices by many banks at the height of the internet boom — the overly optimistic "buy" notes on companies with fundamentally flawed business models, designed to support internal financial services functions.

In contrast, independent research boutiques can pick and choose which companies and sectors they cover. In fact, most independents refuse to write "maintenance" research around company results. They prefer the specialist topic-based research route, which should help their clients make more informed investment decisions.

"They specialise in areas of their own choosing, in line with their own abilities and interests," says Stewart. "And they set their own parameters, styles and objectives

rather than having them imposed by a head of research."
 But perhaps the most important selling point is that independent research houses are free of conflicts of interest. They aren't duty-bound to feed the internal corporate machine as they don't have corporate finance departments, they don't offer money management services and they don't trade shares.

"Traditional in-house researchers have to support the secondary trading desks with recommendations," says Stewart. "And they have to be sycophantic to increase corporate finance business. That is a catalyst for telling lies."

Not everyone believes bundled research is biased. David Boyd, head of IR at mmO2, says: "I am not sure that there is that much bias in the big bank research. They can be pretty critical. Pieces do appear that don't fit the metoo maintenance role that can be quite thought provoking."

Experienced, specialist and free from bias

additional material?

from in-house brokers, why should institutions bother to pay hard cash for

But in a world where investors are still bombarded with "free" research

analysis, there's a market for it," he says.

base of published independent analysis, agrees. He reckons that Europe is entering a golden age for independent firms. "A lot of analysts [at investment banks] have been sacked over the past five years – all of whom have areas of

If [boutiques] demonstrate a specialisation and a high quality of

break? Stewart thinks they're here to stay this time. "Fund managers will feel actively encouraged to make use of independent research as an antidote to the flawed output from analysts in integrated houses," he says.

So could the recent change of climate finally give boutiques their first big

Nick Hill, managing director of Independent Research, which has a data

Stewart believes the independent firms have several attributes that set them apart from the investment banks. "They tend to be run by people who are not in the first stage of their career so they have a lot more experience and ability," he says. "The average age of in-house brokers is 27 to 28, whereas it is 42 to 43 at independent houses."

There's certainly a healthy sprinkling of grey hairs and lengthy CVs at some of Europe's leading independent research boutiques. Harriet Tory, chief oper-

Everything to prove

The future of independent research boutiques still hangs in the balance. Many people predict that they will either thrive or die based on the quality and accuracy of their valuations and recommendations. That should keep them on their toes.

As Stewart points out: "an analyst at a big brokerage can miss-call over and over again, and not be any worse off for it. But if an independent gets it wrong, say three times in a row, they're in trouble. The incentives to get it right are far higher."

PAGE 5 OF 5 JULY - AUGUST 2004



COMMUNICATIONS LEHMANN

interesting, we contact the says Tory. "If we hear about a company we think may be Arete has built up a reputation for independence and integrity. "The analysts choose the companies they think are interesting and that our clients can make money from," investor

Vodafone, mmO2 and Telecom Italia to of companies from large-caps such as approach means it covers a wide range they will give us access." This open relations department and hopefully

smaller businesses such as Bookham Technology and Spirent.

for corporates to be covered by them" credibility, which makes it very important "Independent researchers have far more

investment funds," he says. don't know how important it is to the ways more thought provoking. hard to say. It is different, and in many whether their research is superior is [Arete and New Street] very highly, but

ambivalent about the value of independent research. "We rate and New Street Research (see panel, opposite page), the firm's head of investor relations, David Boyd,

Although mmO2 is covered by independent firms Arete

banks and cash-hungry companies, then their role may be limited pendent firms are unable to make introductions between the big investment lic markets for one main reason: to gain access to international capital. If indeindependent firms. This is understandable as most companies list on the pub-Like many firms, mmO2 doesn't make a special effort to gain coverage by

relations officers should realise that it's important to solicit the support of good quality independent research houses. Their evaluations will help them attract the support of institutions when it comes to raising new capital." But Stewart thinks that public firms need to take a longer view: "investor

Worth wooing?

more focused on [specific] sectors and show greater expertise when it comes to assessing a company's prospects." important for corporates to be covered by them," says Stewart. "They are far why should IROs make the effort to open their doors to independent firms? Given the quantity and diversity of broker research that is already available, "Independent researchers have far more credibility, which makes it very

tell the absolute truth. That may involve being brutal about them. Traditional 'sell' recommendation brings in nothing." through a particular brokerage, it will generally sell it through them as well. mendations give more support to the business. If an institution buys a stock brokers have a vested interest in recommending stocks because 'buy' recomcorporates is that the independent researchers have a far higher incentive to research firms because they are afraid of what they will write. "The risk for Stewart believes that some listed companies shy away from independent

would be prepared to pay for top notely imbiased analysis aftermath of floot Spatzer's successful attack on Wall Street, UK hard managers growing demand too independent investment research. He tell that in the sort flhs launched Clear Capital in early 2003 as a response to

corporate work and we e-therefore shill senerally comfleted the leguny level nehl business many analysts were still involved in a lot or research and that it's too short termest.' says Paelson Elis, a tormer Everation reson Gregory and UBS Warburg analyst. "And because on the economics of "I ecogeneer a trustration from land managers about the gradity or a lot of

Clear Capital inns to provide as exerts with "totally objective" research to help them make begin in estiment idensions. Its learn of seven inalysis sectors, Stacks covered include Capital Racio, Filtronic, Aberdeen Asset an the Exismal and mad cap burket, across a broad range of industry

finance activities in never residens in corporate broking, there's no money behaves Clear Cignut's as in advantage, over the traditional research house managerient service and no trop retain indige is that the farm is completely connectived its offices are cashed or corporate

Clear Capitals and year pick and choose what they write about no section

We are very much value draver. We to also look on a valuation amountly or a change in the economics near business. And we done want 'hald' reconor andations.

Don't mention the bill

margins, as competition is fiercer, and their budgets are under pressure." Unsurprisingly, this isn't popular with potential customers. "Buy-siders don't like doing this," says Stewart. "Their business is contracting in terms of Independent research comes at a price. Who pays, and how, remains a thorny issue. Some boutiques expect hard cash payments for their analysis.

a single commission charge. provide mutual funds with services, including research and share dealing, in unethical research practices. Under soft dollar arrangements, broker-dealers payment is under close scrutiny by the FSA, as part of its crackdown on Many have preferred soft dollar arrangements, although this form

and investors are prepared to pay for it. third-party independent research. The question is whether fund managers fund managers execute trades through one broker and pay separately for practical form of remuneration for independent houses. This system lets mission sharing, in one form or another, is probably the fairest and most Given the inherent flaws of so-called "softing", Stewart says that com-

can provide better insight. And that is something worth paying for." argue that investment bank analysts have better access to management and so independent analysts don't have to write what you want to hear, but you could that independent firms offer a superior service that is worth paying for. "It is wrong to presume that independent research is better," he says. "It's true that Robert Talbot, chief investment officer at fund manager Isis, is not sure

start with the presumption that all investment bank research is rubbish," he uct, from wherever we can get it." input into the investment process. We are looking for the best quality prodsays. "I like a diversity of sources and differences of views, which we can Talbot adds that bundled research is often of a very high quality. "I don't

paying hard dollars for research. But Talbot agrees that fund managers are increasingly willing to consider

research separately from other sources." lars for research. "That is why a lot of investors are investigating ways to deal with one organisation, but obtain

flash in the pan have their fingers crossed that this trend is more than just a Analysts at independent research firms the world over

LAUREN WILLS is small business editor at the UK's Sunday Express and a veteran financial journalist.